

## THE VIRGINIAN-PILOT NORFOLK, VIRGINIA AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

The Virginian-Pilot

US ARMY TRANSPORTATION CENTER 1407 WASHINGTON BLVD IMNE-EUS-PW-E (GARRI FORT EUSTIS VA 23604-5306

REFERENCE: 39050811

20313635 REF: Site Closure, 8

State of Virginia City of Norfolk

This day, Jacqueline Whitfield, personally appeared before me and, after being duly sworn, made oath that: 1) She is affidavit clerk of The Virginian-Pilot, a newspaper published by The Virginian-Pilot Media Companies, LLC, in the cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth, Chesapeake, Suffolk, and Virginia Beach, Commonwealth of Virginia and in the state of North Carolina 2.) That the advertisement hereto annexed has been published in said newspaper on the dates stated

PUBLISHED ON: 06/24

TOTAL COST: 587.40 FILED ON:

06/26/09

AD SPACE: 132 LINE

Legal Affiant

Subscribed and sworn to before me in my city and state on the day and year aforesaid this \_of\_\_\_June\_\_\_\_in the year of 2009.(NRN:7145124)

Notary:

\_My comission expires October 31, 2011.

## **CORRECTION NOTICE** U.S. Army Transportation Center Fort Eustis, Virginia REF: Site Closure, 80th Division Reserve Site Fort Story, Virginia

On May 4, 2009, the Fort Eustis environmental office published a notice in The Virginian Pilot inviting the public to comment on the site closure plan for the 80th Division Reserve Site located at Fort Story, Virginia. The Draft Final Decision Document for the 80th Division Reserve Site which presented the Selected Remedy (Land Use Controls (LUCs) with Monitoring) was made available at two local libraries for a 30-day public comment period. The formal comment period ended on June 6, 2009 and no comments were received. The notice, however, was published with a word omitted. The Army wishes to run the following corrected paragraph where the omitted word has been highlighted in bold italic print for reference.

LUCs with monitoring are necessary at the Site because trichloroethene (TCE) and tetrachloroethene (PCE) have exceeded the US Environmental Protection Agency's maximum contaminant levels (MCLs). However, at present, the contaminant is limited contemination detected at the city transfer there is limited contamination detected at the site, trends indicate that concentrations in groundwater are decreasing due to natural mechanisms, and the results of the baseline risk assessment indicate that there are no potentially exposed populations. In addition, there is no current or planned use of groundwater as a potable water source.
Therefore, with the implementation of the LUCs prohibiting groundwater use, monitoring of the groundwater for volatile organic carbons (VOCs) is only required once every five years as part of the five-year review of the site status. Following the monitoring event, if the VOC concentrations are below the MCLs, then a confirmation sampling event will be conducted between three and six months later to confirm that concentrations are below MCLs. If confirmed, then removal of the LUCs will be warranted. If MCL exceedences remain, then the LUCs will remain in-place and the monitoring will continue every five years until VOC concentrations decrease to below the MCLs.

For further information please contact:

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VP June 24, 2009

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